

Bioethanol Monitoring

Solutions for Elemental and Combustion Elemental Analysis

Highlights at a glance

- Maximum sample throughput
- High automation degree
- Matrix robustness
- Excellent sensitivity
- Wide operation range
- Ready-to-use analysis solutions

Analyze with our products

- Sulfur, nitrogen, chlorine: EN 15486, ASTM D5453, ASTM D5762, D4619, DIN EN 14077, EPA 9076
- Trace metal elements by ICP-OES (S, P, Cu): EN 15837, ASTM D1688
- Color scale by UV/Vis: ASTM D1500
- TOC in wastewater: ISO 20236, ASTM D7573



Over the past decade, ethanol production has more than doubled due to increased demand from the transportation sector. Adding sustainable fuels like bioethanol to fossil fuels is one of the quickest ways to reduce CO₂ emissions. Fuel alternatives derived from renewable or residual materials, or even synthesized completely from scratch using H₂ and CO₂ are promising as blend components and adequate replacement for fossil fuels.

Production approaches

First generation

- From sugar or starch – beetroot, sugar cane, sustainable energy crops, starch-rich biomass, etc.

Second generation

- From lignocellulose – weed, waste wood, cellulose and other biomass

Third generation

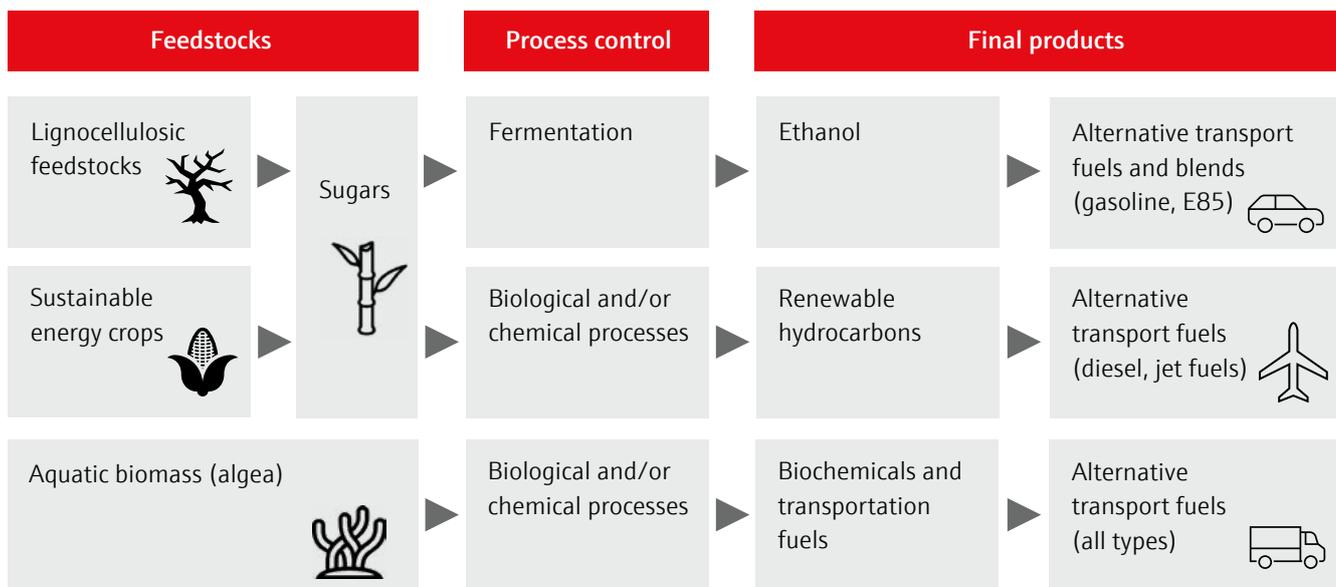
- From microalgae, cellulose-rich biomass

Fourth generation

- From genetically engineered microorganisms

Electro fuels

- From CO₂ and H₂ – Fischer-Tropsch syntheses



A consistently high feedstock quality is crucial for process efficiency, maximum yield, and final products that meet the specifications and regulations. Fast and reliable detection of elemental impurities in the trace range is essential for quality control.

Bioethanol applications

- As biofuel or additive in fossil fuel blends (ASTM D4806 / DIN EN 15376)
- As component in food, pharmaceuticals and cosmetics production
- As feedstock for hydrogen production/storage (fuel cells)
- As feedstock for the chemical industry (renewable hydrocarbons like bio-ethylene, bio-xylene...)

Our analysis solutions

- Determination of elemental impurities by AAS and high resolution array ICP-OES in final products (Cu, Mn, ...)
- Determination of nitrogen, sulfur, chlorine by combustion elemental analysis
- Determination of sulfur in feedstocks and final products (ethanol, fuel blends, ...)
- Determination of nitrogen in feedstocks (sugar, starch, ...)
- Determination of TOC, AOX, and metals in wastewaters – effluent control



multi EA 5100



PlasmaQuant 9100

[Find out more ►](#)

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Subjects to changes in design and scope of delivery as well as further technical development.